

Mars 400 Ceph Storage Appliance



Specification

Server Platform		
ARM MicroServer Node	 8x ARM microserver nodes, each microserver node has following specs CPU: ARM Quad-Core 64-bit Cortex-A72 processor, Memory: 4GB DDR4 SDRAM, System Storage: 16GB flash disk Network: Dual 2.5Gbps Ethernet Storage Interface: 2x SATA 6Gbps ports 1x 3.5"/2.5" SATA disk bay for OSD data storage 1x 120GB M.2 SATA bluestore WAL/DB 5 Watts power consumption Operation System: Mars 400: Ubuntu LTS 	
In-Chassis Switch	 Dual in-chassis switches (Hot-Swappable) Each switch has 2x 10Gbps SFP+/10G Base-T RJ-45 interface Each switch has 8x 2.5Gbps port connect to 8x microserver nodes 	
Ceph Daemon Configuration	Each microserver node can be configured as independent Ceph monitor, OSD & MDS, RADOS, and iSCSI gateways	
Baseboard Management Controller (BMC)	 Command-line user interface through SSH 10/100 Mbps out of band ethernet management interface Microserver Node Management: Independently control microserver node power and reset Server node console over ethernet Network configuration Restore microserver nodes Chassis power, fan speed, Panel LED control Monitoring: PSU, fan, temperature 	
Power Supply	Dual redundant 300 Watts power supply unit	



Ceph Deploy and Management			
Version	Ambedded tunned Ceph community version		
Management Interface	 Web-based user interface: Unified Virtual Storage(UVS) Manager Collocated on all monitor nodes Ceph Command Line Interface 		
OSD Node	 Every ARM microserver node host single OSD Data Storage Device: SATA 6Gb 3.5" HDD or 2.5" SSD Every OSD has a 120 GB M.2 SSD for bluestore DB & WAL use Support OSD encryption 		
Monitor	 Every monitor run on a independent ARM microserver node Collocates MON with UVS manager and Ceph manager Optional: Collocates MDS, RADOS and iSCSI gateways as standby service 		
Metadata Server (MDS) Node for CephFS	Active MDS: run on independent ARM microserver nodes Standby MDS: collocated on MON nodes Horizontal scalable active MDS		
Cluster Node Management	 Node & disk location LED control, easy to locate the node in chassis Monitor: Create, service re-start & node re-boot SSD SMART information Object Storage Daemon (OSD) Create, trash, delete, service restart & node re-boot Data and Metadata storage SMART information Metadata Server (MDS) Create, remove, failback 		
User Cryptographic Authentication	UVS allows the administrator to create/delete users' keyrings and edit their access capabilities.		
Data Protection			
Replication	 Configurable Replica 2 to 10 Selectable failure domain with pre-defined CRUSH rule 		
Erasure Code	 Erasure Coding K+M profile configuration CLAY (Coupled-Layer) erasure code to reduce recovery time Selectable failure domain with pre-defined CRUSH rule 		
CRUSH MAP	 Bucket type: root, region, zone, data center, room, PDU, row, rack, chassis Rename bucket type Create CRUSH buckets User can move bucket to the other bucket in cluster CRUSH ruleset create, list and delete 		
Ceph RADOS Pools	Ceph RADOS Pools		
Pool Management	 Pool create & delete Pool type: Replica or Erasure code Configurable: Placement Group number, replica size, quota, CRUSH rule 		
Pool Configuration	Configurable items: Replica Size, Quota, Compress, CRUSH Rule Set, Placement Groups, compression & ratio		
Cache Tiering	Add or remove cache tiering pool		

RADOS Block Device (RBD) Images		
Basic Management	Image create & delete	
Image Create	Select pool, image name, image size, object size	
lmage Management	Delete, re-size, snapshot, image watcher	
Thin Provisioning	RBD images are thin provisioned. They don't actually use any physical storage until you begin saving data to them.RBD.	
Disaster Recovery	RBD images can be automatically asynchronously mirrored between two Ceph clusters.	
Image snapshot, clone and flatten	Create snapshots of the images to retain a history of an image's state.Snapshot layering: Clone images quickly and easily.	
Cloud-Native Storage	Ceph supports block device snapshots and the higher-level interfaces, including QEMU, libvirt, Kubernetes Container Storage Interface, OpenStack and CloudStack.	
System Management		
NTP Server	 Create the NTP server on the monitor node or use an external NTP server Push NTP settings to all server nodes 	
Notifications	Configurable notifications by emails.	
UVS user management	Create or delete UVS usersManage user access right	

Storage Protocols

Block Storage		
Linux Client	RBD	
OpenStack	Cinder, Glance & Nova	
Kubernetes	Persistent Volume, Container Storage Interface	
iSCSI Gateway	 Create and manage iSCSI gateways on internal ARM microserver nodes or external x86 servers IQN, CHAP authentication & MPIO support 	
Disaster Recovery	Asynchronous Mirroring	
File System		
Linux Client	POSIX compatible file system	
OpenStack	Manila	
Kubernetes	Persistent Volume	
Library	libcephfs	
Object Storage		
API	Amazon S3, SWIFT	
RADOS Gateway (RGW)	 RADOS Gateway. Create Standalone or multi-site RGW on internal ARM microserver nodes or external x86 servers RGW pool and user management 	
Disaster Recovery	Active-Active Multi-Site	
Object Pool & user Management	 Automatic create pools for RGW Change pool replication or erasure code, Placement Groups & Crush Rules Create S3 and SWIFT users and related secret keys 	
Library	librgw	
Other Storage Protocols	NFS, SMB, FTP, TFTP, HTTP	